

**QUALITY CONTROL PROCEDURES (Optional)****I INTRODUCTION**

BD BBL™ Trypticase™ Soy Agar with 5% Sheep Blood is used for the growth of fastidious organisms and for the visualization of hemolytic reactions. BD BBL™ MacConkey II Agar is a selective and differential medium for the detection of coliform organisms and enteric pathogens.

**II PERFORMANCE TEST PROCEDURE**

## A. BD BBL Trypticase Soy Agar with 5% Sheep Blood

1. Inoculate representative samples with dilutions of the cultures listed below.

- a. Using a volumetric pipettor or equivalent method, deliver 0.1 mL of a dilution yielding 30–300 CFU to each plate and spread inoculate using a sterile glass spreader.
- b. Incubate the *Staphylococcus* and *Escherichia* strains at  $35 \pm 2$  °C in an aerobic atmosphere and the *Streptococcus* strains at  $35 \pm 2$  °C in an aerobic atmosphere supplemented with carbon dioxide.

2. Examine plates after 18–24 h for growth, colony size and hemolytic reactions.

3. Expected Results

CLSI Organisms	ATCC®	Recovery
* <i>Streptococcus pyogenes</i>	19615	Growth, beta hemolysis
* <i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i>	6305	Growth, alpha hemolysis
* <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i>	25923	Growth
* <i>Escherichia coli</i>	25922	Growth

\*Recommended organism strain for User Quality Control.

## B. BD BBL MacConkey II Agar

1. Inoculate representative samples with dilutions of the cultures listed below.

- a. Streak the plates for isolation using 18–24 h broth cultures diluted 10<sup>-1</sup>. For *Proteus mirabilis*, make two additional ten-fold dilutions prior to streaking.
- b. Incubate plates at  $35 \pm 2$  °C in an aerobic atmosphere.
- c. Include BD BBL Trypticase Soy Agar with 5% Sheep Blood plates as nonselective controls for all organisms.

2. Examine plates after 18–24 h for amount of growth, colony size, pigmentation and selectivity.

3. Expected Results

CLSI Organisms	ATCC	Recovery	Colony Color
* <i>Escherichia coli</i>	25922	Growth	Pink
* <i>Proteus mirabilis</i>	12453	Growth, inhibition of swarming (partial)	Colorless
* <i>Salmonella enterica</i> subsp. <i>enterica</i> serotype Typhimurium	14028	Growth	Colorless
* <i>Enterococcus faecalis</i>	29212	Inhibition (partial)	
Additional Organism			
<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i>	10145	Growth	Pink to green
<i>Shigella dysenteriae</i>	9361	Growth	Colorless to pink

\*Recommended organism strain for User Quality Control.

**III ADDITIONAL QUALITY CONTROL**

1. Examine plates as described under "Product Deterioration."
2. Visually examine representative plates to assure that any existing physical defects will not interfere with use.
3. Determine the pH potentiometrically at room temperature for adherence to the specification of  $7.3 \pm 0.2$  (TSA II) and  $7.1 \pm 0.2$  (BD BBL MacConkey II Agar).
4. Note the firmness of plates during the inoculation procedure.
5. Incubate uninoculated representative plates aerobically at  $35 \pm 2$  °C for 72 h and examine for microbial contamination.

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

### IV INTENDED USE

BD BBL Trypticase Soy Agar with 5% Sheep Blood is used for cultivating fastidious microorganisms and for the visualization of hemolytic reactions produced by many bacterial species.

BD BBL MacConkey II Agar is a selective and differential medium for the detection of coliform organisms and enteric pathogens.

### V SUMMARY AND EXPLANATION

#### A. BD BBL Trypticase Soy Agar with 5% Sheep Blood

The nutritional composition of BD Trypticase Soy Agar has made it a popular medium, both unplemented and as a base for media containing blood. BD BBL Trypticase Soy Agar with 5% Sheep Blood is extensively used for the recovery and cultivation of fastidious microbial species and for the determination of hemolytic reactions which are important differentiating characteristics for bacteria, especially *Streptococcus* species.

#### B. BD BBL MacConkey II Agar

At the present time, many culture media are available to the laboratorian for the isolation, cultivation and identification of enteric bacteria. One of the earliest of these was developed by MacConkey and first described as a brief published note.<sup>1</sup> The landmark paper on MacConkey Agar was published in 1905 and contained detailed descriptions of the medium and the bacterial growth patterns obtained.<sup>2</sup> This formulation was devised in the knowledge that bile salts are precipitated by acids and certain enteric microorganisms ferment lactose whereas others do not possess this ability.

Since the publication of the early papers, the BD BBL MacConkey Agar formula has been modified many times. A compilation of culture media published in 1930 lists ten modifications which were published up to that time.<sup>3</sup> More recent modifications include use of additives (e.g., kanamycin) and the deletion of certain ingredients (e.g., crystal violet, and neutral red).<sup>4</sup>

BD BBL MacConkey Agar is recommended for use with clinical specimens likely to contain mixed microbial flora, such as urine, respiratory and wound, because it allows a preliminary grouping of enteric and other gram-negative bacteria.<sup>5,6</sup> It is also utilized in the microbiological examination of foods.<sup>7</sup>

The BD BBL MacConkey II Agar formulation was made available in 1983. It was specially designed to improve the inhibition of swarming *Proteus* species, to achieve more definitive differentiation of lactose fermenters and nonfermenters, and for the promotion of superior growth of enteric pathogens.

### VI PRINCIPLES OF THE PROCEDURE

#### A. BD BBL Trypticase Soy Agar with 5% Sheep Blood

The combination of casein and soy peptones in the BD Trypticase Soy Agar base render the medium highly nutritious by supplying organic nitrogen, particularly amino acids and larger-chained peptides. The sodium chloride maintains osmotic equilibrium.

Defibrinated sheep blood is the most widely used blood for enriching agar base media.<sup>8</sup> Hemolytic reactions of streptococci are proper and growth of *Haemophilus haemolyticus*, a nonpathogen whose hemolytic colonies are indistinguishable from those of beta-hemolytic streptococci, is inhibited.

BD BBL Trypticase Soy Agar with 5% Sheep Blood (TSA II) provides excellent growth and beta hemolysis by *Streptococcus pyogenes* (Lancefield group A) and also provides excellent growth and appropriate hemolytic reactions with other fastidious organisms. It is suitable for use with low concentration (0.04 unit) bacitracin discs (BD Taxo™ A) for presumptive identification of group A streptococci (*S. pyogenes*).

#### B. BD BBL MacConkey II Agar

BD BBL MacConkey II Agar is a selective and differential medium. It is only slightly selective since the concentration of bile salts, which inhibits gram-positive microorganisms, is low in comparison with other enteric plating media. Crystal violet also is included in the medium to inhibit the growth of gram-positive bacteria, especially enterococci and staphylococci.

Differentiation of enteric microorganisms is achieved by the combination of lactose and the neutral red indicator. Colorless or pink to red colonies are produced depending upon the ability of the isolate to ferment the carbohydrate.

### VII REAGENTS

#### BD BBL Trypticase Soy Agar with 5% Sheep Blood (TSA II)

Approximate Formula\* Per Liter Purified Water

Casein Digest.....	14.5 g	Agar .....	14.0 g
Papaic Digest of Soybean Meal .....	5.0 g	Growth Factors .....	.15 g
Sodium Chloride.....	5.0 g	Defibrinated Sheep Blood .....	.5%

\*Adjusted and/or supplemented as required to meet performance criteria.

#### BD BBL MacConkey II Agar

Approximate Formula\* Per Liter Purified Water

Pancreatic Digest of Gelatin.....	17.0 g	Sodium Chloride .....	.50 g
Pancreatic Digest of Casein.....	1.5 g	Neutral Red.....	.03 g
Peptic Digest of Animal Tissue .....	1.5 g	Crystal Violet.....	.001 g
Lactose .....	10.0 g	Agar .....	13.5 g
Bile Salts .....	1.5 g		

\*Adjusted and/or supplemented as required to meet performance criteria.

#### Warnings and Precautions: For *in vitro* Diagnostic Use.

If excessive moisture is observed, invert the bottom over an off-set lid and allow to air dry in order to prevent formation of a seal between the top and bottom of the plate during incubation.

Pathogenic microorganisms, including hepatitis viruses and Human Immunodeficiency Virus, may be present in clinical specimens.

"Standard Precautions"<sup>9-12</sup> and institutional guidelines should be followed in handling all items contaminated with blood and other body fluids. After use, prepared plates, specimen containers, and other contaminated materials must be sterilized by autoclaving before discarding.

**Storage Instructions:** On receipt, store plates in the dark at 2–8 °C. Avoid freezing and overheating. Do not open until ready to use. Minimize exposure to light. Prepared plates stored in their original sleeve wrapping at 2–8 °C until just prior to use may be inoculated up to the expiration date and incubated for recommended incubation times. Allow the medium to warm to room temperature before inoculation.

**Product Deterioration:** Do not use plates if they show evidence of microbial contamination, discoloration, drying, cracking, or other signs of deterioration.

### VIII SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND HANDLING

A variety of swabs and containers have been devised for collecting specimens. Specimens should be obtained before antimicrobial therapy has been administered. Provision must be made for prompt delivery to the laboratory. Several holding media or transport systems, such as BBL specimen collection and transport products, have been devised to prolong the survival of microorganisms when a significant delay is expected between collection and definitive culturing.

Refer to appropriate texts for details of specimen collection and handling procedures.<sup>13,14</sup>

The laboratory must be furnished with sufficient clinical information to enable the microbiologist to select the most suitable media and appropriate techniques.

### IX PROCEDURE

**Material Provided:** BD BBL Trypticase Soy Agar with 5% Sheep Blood (TSA II) and BD BBL MacConkey II Agar (BD I Plate™)

**Materials Required But Not Provided:** Ancillary culture media, reagents, quality control organisms, and laboratory equipment as required.

**Test Procedure:** Observe aseptic techniques.

The agar surface should be smooth and moist, but without excessive moisture.

Streak the specimen as soon as possible after it is received in the laboratory. The streak plate is used primarily to isolate pure cultures from specimens containing mixed flora. Alternatively, if material is being cultured directly from a swab, roll the swab over a small area of the surface at the edge; then streak from this inoculated area.

Incubate plates, protected from light, at 35 ± 2 °C for 18–24 h. With respiratory specimens, incubate in an aerobic atmosphere supplemented with carbon dioxide. With other specimens, incubate aerobically without added CO<sub>2</sub>.

**User Quality Control:**

Each lot of media has been tested using appropriate quality control organisms and this testing meets product specifications and CLSI standards, where relevant. As always, QC testing should be performed in accordance with applicable local, state, federal or country regulations, accreditation requirements, and/or your laboratory's standard quality control procedures.

### X RESULTS

After incubation most plates will show an area of confluent growth. Because the streaking procedure is, in effect, a "dilution" technique, diminishing numbers of microorganisms are deposited on the streaked areas. Consequently, one or more of these areas should exhibit isolated colonies of the organisms contained in the specimen. Further, growth of each organism may be semi-quantitatively scored on the basis of growth in each of the streaked areas.

Typical results on BD BBL Trypticase Soy Agar with 5% Sheep Blood (TSA II) are as follows:

1. Hemolytic streptococci may appear as translucent or opaque, grayish, small (1 mm), or large matte and mucoid (2–4 mm) colonies, encircled by a zone of hemolysis. Gram stains should be made and examined to check the macroscopic findings. (Other organisms which may cause hemolysis include *Listeria*, various corynebacteria, hemolytic staphylococci, *Escherichia coli* and *Pseudomonas*.) In reporting, approximate quantitation of the number of colonies of hemolytic streptococci may be helpful to the clinician.
2. Pneumococci usually appear as very flat, smooth, translucent, grayish and sometimes mucoid colonies surrounded by a narrow zone of "green" (alpha) hemolysis.
3. Staphylococci appear as opaque, white to gold-yellow colonies with or without zones of beta hemolysis.
4. *Listeria*. Small zones of beta hemolysis are produced. They may be distinguished by their rod shape in stains, and by motility at room temperature.
5. Other organisms representing minimal flora and clinically significant isolates can also be expected to grow on this nonselective formulation.

Typical colonial morphology on BD BBL MacConkey Agar is as follows:

*E. coli*..... Pink to rose-red (may be surrounded by a zone of precipitated bile)

*Enterobacter/Klebsiella* ..... Mucoid, pink

*Proteus*..... Colorless, swarming in areas of isolated colonies is inhibited

*Salmonella*..... Colorless

*Shigella*..... Colorless

*Pseudomonas* ..... Irregular, colorless to pink

Gram-positive bacteria ..... No growth to slight growth

### XI LIMITATIONS OF THE PROCEDURE

It has been reported that some *Enterobacteriaceae* and *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* are inhibited on BD BBL MacConkey Agar when incubated in a CO<sub>2</sub>-enriched atmosphere.<sup>15</sup>

Not all strains of *E. coli* ferment lactose.

Some diagnostic tests may be performed with the primary plate. However, a pure culture is recommended for biochemical tests and other identification procedures. Consult appropriate texts for detailed information and recommended procedures.<sup>5,16-19</sup>

A single medium is rarely adequate for detecting all organisms of potential significance in a specimen. It should be recognized that organisms generally susceptible to the antimicrobial agent in a selective medium may be completely or only partially inhibited depending upon the concentration of the agent, the characteristics of the microbial strain and the number of organisms in the inoculum. Organisms that are generally resistant to the antimicrobial agent should not be inhibited. Cultures of specimens grown on selective media should, therefore, be compared with specimens cultured on nonselective media to obtain additional information and help ensure recovery of potential pathogens.

## XII PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

### BD BBL Trypticase Soy Agar with 5% Sheep Blood

BD BBL Trypticase Soy Agar with 5% Sheep Blood was used as a control in a study using broth-enhanced culture (Todd Hewitt) and Optical Immunoassay method for the diagnosis of β-hemolytic streptococcal infection. Five hundred two (502) specimens were tested. TSA with 5% Sheep Blood had a sensitivity and specificity of 92.5% and 99.4%, respectively.<sup>20</sup> Nguyen et al. used BD BBL Trypticase Soy Agar with 5% Sheep Blood as the "gold standard" for the detection of group B *Streptococcus* from the lower genital tract of pregnant women.<sup>21</sup> In another study, Rossmann et al. successfully reisolated *Lautropia mirabilis* on BD BBL Trypticase Soy Agar with 5% Sheep Blood from the oral cavities of human immunodeficiency virus infected children.<sup>22</sup> Of the 85 children evaluated in this study, 35 (41.4%) were positive for *L. mirabilis*. Isenberg et al. used BD BBL Trypticase Soy Agar with 5% Sheep Blood as a control to evaluate the recovery of *Enterococcus* from a selective medium under study.<sup>23</sup> Two hundred fifty (250) group D streptococcal strains isolated from clinical material and 8 strains obtained from the National Communicable Disease Center (Atlanta, Ga.) were used.

### BD BBL MacConkey II Agar

Prior to release, all lots of BD BBL MacConkey II Agar are tested for performance characteristics. Representative samples of the lot are streakinoculated with the following cultures: *Escherichia coli* (ATCC 25922), *Proteus mirabilis* (ATCC 12453), *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* (ATCC 10145), *Salmonella Typhimurium* (ATCC 14028), *Shigella dysenteriae* (ATCC 9361) and *Enterococcus faecalis* (ATCC 29212). The inoculum for *E. faecalis* is diluted to yield 10<sup>4</sup>–10<sup>5</sup> colony-forming units (CFU) per plate; the inocula for all other organisms is diluted to yield 10<sup>3</sup>–10<sup>4</sup> CFU/plate. After inoculation, the plates are incubated at 35 ± 2 °C in an aerobic atmosphere. After 18–24 h incubation, colonies of *E. coli* are rose-red and may be surrounded by precipitated bile; *P. mirabilis* exhibits fair to heavy growth of colorless colonies and swarming of the colonies is inhibited; *P. aeruginosa* shows areas of confluent growth which may exhibit green to yellow-green pigmentation while individual colonies show pink to green pigmentation; *Salmonella Typhimurium* gives fair to heavy growth of colorless colonies; *S. dysenteriae* shows growth of colorless to pink colonies; *E. faecalis* is completely to partially inhibited (fair growth) and the colonies may be pink in color.

## XIII AVAILABILITY

Cat. No.	Description
221290	BD BBL™ Trypticase™ Soy Agar with 5% Sheep Blood (TSA II) and BD BBL™ MacConkey Agar - BD I Plate™, Pkg. of 20 plates
221291	BD BBL™ Trypticase™ Soy Agar with 5% Sheep Blood (TSA II) and BD BBL™ MacConkey Agar - BD I Plate™, Ctn. of 100 plates

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Technical Information: In the United States contact BD Technical Service and Support at 1.800.638.8663 or bd.com.

## Change History

Revision	Date	Change Summary
(14)	2020-03	In REAGENTS section, removed "Pancreatic Digest of Casein" and replaced with "Casein Digest".

US Customers only: For symbol glossary, refer to [bd.com/symbols-glossary](http://bd.com/symbols-glossary)



Manufacturer / Производител / Výrobce / Fabrikant / Hersteller / Κατασκευαστής / Fabricante / Tootja / Fabricant / Proizvodač / Gyártó / Fabbricante / Atkārušys / 제조업체 / Gamintojas / Ražotājs / Tilvirkir / Producent / Producător / Производитель / Výrobca / Proizvodač / Tillverkare / Üretici / Виробник / 生产厂商



Use by / Используйте до / Spotřebujte do / Brug før / Verwendbar bis / Χρήση έως / Usar antes de / Kasutada enne / Date de péremption / 사용 기한 / Upotrijebiti do / Felhasználhatóság dátuma / Usare entro / Дейн пайдананура / Naudokite iki / Izletot idz / Houdbaar tot / Brukes for / Stosowa do / Prazo de validade / A se utiliza până la / Использовать до / Použíte do / Uпотребити до / Använd före / Son kullanma tarihi / Використати доділе / 使用截止日期

YYYY-MM-DD / YYYY-MM (MM = end of month)

ГГГГ-ММ-ДД / ГГГГ-ММ (ММ = край на месеца)

RRRR-MM-DD / RRRR-MM (MM = konec měsíce)

AAAA-MM-DD / AAAA-MM (MM = slutning af måneden)

JJJJ-MM-TT / JJJJ-MM (MM = Monatsende)

EEEE-MM-HH / EEEE-MM (MM = τέλος του μήνα)

AAAA-MM-DD / AAAA-MM (MM = fin del mes)

AAAA-KK-PP / AAAA-KK (KK = kuu lõpp)

AAAA-MM-JJ / AAAA-MM (MM = fin du mois)

GGGG-MM-DD / GGGG-MM (MM = kraj mjeseca)

ÉÉÉÉ-HH-NN / ÉÉÉÉ-HH (HH = hónap utolsó napja)

AAAA-MM-GG / AAAA-MM (MM = fine mese)

ЖОКОК-АА-КК / ЖОКОК-АА / (АА = айдың соңы)

YYYY-MM-DD/YYYY-MM (MM = 월 말)

MMMM-MM-DD / MMMM-MM (MM = mēnesio pabaiga)

GGGG-MM-DD/GGGG-MM (MM = mēneša beigas)

JJJJ-MM-DD / JJJJ-MM (MM = einde maand)

AAAA-MM-DD / AAAA-MM (MM = slutten av måneden)

RRRR-MM-DD / RRRR-MM (MM = koniec miesiąca)

AAAA-MM-DD / AAAA-MM (MM = fin do mês)

AAAA-LL-ZZ / AAAA-LL (LL = sfârstul lunii)

ГГГГ-ММ-ДД / ГГГГ-ММ (MM = конец месяца)

RRRR-MM-DD / RRRR-MM (MM = koniec mesiaca)

GGGG-MM-DD / GGGG-MM (MM = kraj meseca)

AAAA-MM-DD / AAAA-MM (MM = slutet av månaden)

YYYY-AA-GG / YYYY-AA (AA = ayın sonu)

PPPP-MM-DD / PPPP-MM (MM = кінець місяця)

YYYY-MM-DD / YYYY-MM (MM = 月末)



Catalog number / Каталожен номер / Katalogové číslo / Katalognummer / Αριθμός καταλόγου / Número de catálogo / Kataloiginumber / Numéro catalogue / Kataloški broj / Katalóguszám / Numero di catalogo / Каталог номір / Каталог 번호 / Katalog / numeris / Kataloga numurs / Catalogus nummer / Numer katalogowy / Număr de catalog / Номер по каталогу / Katalógóv číslo / Kataloški broj / Katalog numarası / Номер за каталогом / 目录号



REF Authorized Representative in the European Community / Оторизиран представител в Европейската общност / Autorizovaný zástupce pro Evropském společenství / Autoriseret repræsentant i De Europæiske Fællesskaber / Autorisierte Vertreter in der Europäischen Gemeinschaft / Εξουπούρωμένος αντιπρόσωπος στην Ευρωπαϊκή Κοινότητα / Representante autorizado en la Comunidad Europea / Volatitud esindaja Euroopa Nõukogus / Reprézentant autorisé pour la Communauté européenne / Autorizuirani predstavnik u Europskoj uniji / Meghatalmazott képviselő az Európai Közösségenben / Rappresentante autorizzato nella Comunità Europea / Europa қызындастырылған үкіметтің екінші жағдайда жүргізетін медициналық диагностика аспабы / In Vitro Diagnostic 의료 기기 / In vitro diagnostikos prietaisais / Medicinas ierīces, ko lieto in vitro diagnostikai / Medicinski hulpmiddel voor in-vitro diagnostiek / In vitro diagnostisk medicinsk ustyr / Urzadzenie medyczne do diagnostyki in vitro / Dispositivo medico para diagnosticó in vitro / Dispositivo medical pentru diagnostic in vitro / Медицинский прибор для диагностики in vitro / Medicinská pomôcka na diagnostiku in vitro / Medicinski uredaj za in vitro diagnostiku / Medicinteknisk produkt för in-vitro-diagnostik / In Vitro Diagnostik Tibbi Cihaz / Медицинский пристрой для диагностики in vitro / 体外診断医療機器



IVD In Vitro Diagnostic Medical Device / Медицински уред за диагностика ин витро / Lékařské zařízení určené pro diagnostiku in vitro / In vitro diagnostisk medicinsk anordning / Medizinisches In-vitro-Diagnostikum / In vitro diagnostický stroj / Dispositivo médico para diagnóstico in vitro / In vitro diagnostika meditsinaiaparatuur / Dispositif médical de diagnostic in vitro / Medicinska pomagala za In Vitro Dijagnostiku / In vitro diagnostikai orvosi eszköz / Dispositivo medicale per diagnostica in vitro / Жасанды жағдайда жүргізетін медициналық диагностика аспабы / In Vitro Diagnostic 의료 기기 / In vitro diagnostikos prietaisais / Medicinas ierīces, ko lieto in vitro diagnostikai / Medicinski hulpmiddel voor in-vitro diagnostiek / In vitro diagnostisk medicinsk ustyr / Urzadzenie medyczne do diagnostyki in vitro / Dispositivo medico para diagnosticó in vitro / Dispositivo medical pentru diagnostic in vitro / Медицинский прибор для диагностики in vitro / Medicinská pomôcka na diagnostiku in vitro / Medicinski uredaj za in vitro diagnostiku / Medicinteknisk produkt för in-vitro-diagnostik / In Vitro Diagnostik Tibbi Cihaz / Медицинский пристрой для диагностики in vitro / 体外診断医療機器



Temperature limitation / Температурни ограничения / Teplotní omezení / Temperaturbegrenzung / Περιορισμοί θερμοκρασίας / Limitación de temperatura / Temperaturi piarang / Limites de température / Dozvoljena temperatura / Hörmesskéleti határ / Limiti di temperatura / Температурарные шекрет / 운도 제한 / Laikymo temperatūra / Temperatūras ierobežojumi / Temperaturalimiet / Temperaturbegrennung / Ograniczenie temperatury / Limites de temperatura / Limite de temperatură / Ограничение температуры / Ohranenie teploty / Ograničenje temperature / Temperaturgräns / Sicaklık sınırlaması / Обмеження температури / 温度限制



LOT Batch Code (Lot) / Код на партидата / Kód (číslo) šarže / Batch-kode (lot) / Batch-Code (Charge) / Κωδικός παρτίδας (παρτίδα) / Código de lote (lote) / Partii kood / Numéro de lot / Lot (kod) / Tétel száma (Lot) / Codice batch (lotto) / Топтама коды / 배치 코드(로트) / Partijos numeris (LOT) / Partijas kods (laidiens) / Lot nummer / Batch-kode (parti) / Kod partii (seria) / Código do lote / Kod de serie (Lot) / Kod partii (пот) / Kód série (šarža) / Kod serije / Partitummer (Lot) / Parti Kodu (Lot) / Kod partii / 批号 (亚批)



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 CONTROL Control / Контролно / Kontrola / Kontrol / Kontrolle / Mártíraç / Kontroll / Contrôle / Controllo / Controle / Controlo / Kontrol / Контроль / 对照

 CONTROL+ Positive control / Положителен контрол / Positiv kontrol / Positive Kontrol / Θετικός μάρτυρας / Control positivo / Positiivne kontroll / Contrôle positif / Positívna kontrola / Pozytív kontroll / Controlla positivo / Oui бaкылау / 양성 컨트롤 / Teigjama kontrole / Pozytív kontrole / Positiieve controle / Kontrola dodathia / Controlo positivo / Control pozitív / Попохительный контроль / Pozytív kontrol / Позитивный контроль / 阳性对照试剂

 CONTROL- Negative control / Отрицателен контрол / Negativní kontrola / Negativ kontrol / Negative Kontrolle / Αρνητικός μάρτυρας / Control negativo / Negatiivne kontroll / Contrôle négatif / Negativa kontrola / Negativ kontroll / Controlla negativo / Негативтік бaкылау / 음성 컨트롤 / Neigjama kontrolé / Negatiív kontrole / Negatiieve controle / Kontrola ujemna / Controlo negativo / Control negativ / Отрицательный контроль / Negatif kontrol / Негативный контроль / 阴性对照试剂

 STERILE Method of sterilization: ethylene oxide / Метод на стерилизация: этилен оксид / Způsob sterilizace: etylenoxid / Sterilisierungsmetode: ethylenoxid / Sterilisationsmethode: Ethylenoxid / Мéθodooč атилेनоксид / Método de esterilización: óxido de etileno / Steriliseerimismetod: etüleenoskïid / Méthode de stérilisation : oxyde d'éthylène / Metoda sterilizacije: etilen oksid / Sterilizálás módszere: etilén-oxid / Metoda de sterilizacíone: óxido de etilene / Sterilizacija: etilen - oksid / Metod sterilizacij: etileneksiđ / Sterilizasyon yöntemi: etilen oksit / Метод стерилизации: этиленоксид / Metód sterilizácie: etylenoxid / Metoda sterilizacije: etilen oksid / Sterilizasyon yöntemi: etilenoksidom / 灭菌方法: 环氧乙烷

 STERILE R Method of sterilization: irradiation / Метод на стерилизация: ириадация / Způsob sterilizace: záření / Sterilisierungsmetode: bestrählung / Sterilisationsmethode: Bestrahlung / Мéθodooč атактивній / Método de esterilización: irradiación / Steriliseerimismetod: kiirgus / Méthode de stérilisation : irradiation / Metoda sterilizacije: zračenje / Sterilizálás módszere: besugárzás / Metodo di sterilizzazione: irradiazione / Стерилизация едци – суеые түсірү / 소독 방법: 방사 / Sterilizavimo bùdas: radiacja / Sterilizésanas metode: apstaróšana / Gesterilizare met behulp van bestraling / Sterilisierungsmetode: bestrählung / Metoda sterlyzacji: napromienianie / Método de esterilização: irradiação / Metód de sterilizare: radiatia / Metoda sterilizacije: ozračavanje / Sterilisierungsmetod: strálning / Sterilizasyon yöntemi: irradasyon / Метод стерилизацији: облучение / Metoda sterilizacije: ožarenie / Metoda sterilizacije: ozračavanje / Sterilisierungsmetod: strálning / Sterilizasyon yöntemi: irradasyon / Метод стерилизацији: опромінення / 灭菌方法: 辐射

 Biological Risks / Биологични рискове / Biologická rizika / Biologisk fare / Biogefährdung / Biohazard kívülöni / Riesgos biológicos / Biologilised riskid / Risques biologiques / Biološki rizik / Biologíaiag veszélyes / Rischio biologico / Биологиялық тәуекелдер / 生物学的 위험 / Biologinis pavojus / Biologiskie riski / Biologisch risiko / Biologisk risik / Zagrożenia biologiczne / Perigo biológico / Riscos biológicas / Биологическая опасность / Biologické riziko / Biološki rizici / Biologisk risik / Biyolojik Riskler / Биологична небезпека / 生物学风险

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 Keep dry / Пазете сухо / Skladujte v suchém prostředí / Ópbevares tort / Trocklagern / Фулáдте то отечў / Mantent seco / Hoida kuivas / Conserver au sec / Držati na suhom / Száraz helyen tartando / Tenere all'asciutto / Куряк күйнде ұста / 건조 상태 유지 / Laikykité sausai / Uzglabžāt sausus / Droog houden / Holdes tort / Przechowywać w stanie suchym / Manter seco / A se feri de umezéal / Не допускать попадания влаги / Uchovávajte v suchu / Držite na suvom mesteu / Förvaras tortt / Kuru bir şekilde muhafaza edin / Bergetti від вологи / 请保持干燥

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 Peel / Обелете / Otevřete zde / Abn / Abziehen / Atokollájts / Desprender / Koordla / Décoller / Otvoriti skin / Húzza le / Staccare / Үстінгі кабатын алып таста / 벗기기 / Pléšti čia / Atlímēt / Schillen / Trekk av / Oderwać / Destacar / Se dezlipete / Отклепите / Odtrhnite / Oljuštiti / Dra isär / Ayırma / Відклепіти / 撕下

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 Keep away from heat / Пазете от топлина / Nevystavujte pílišnému teplu / Má ikke udsættes for varme / Vor Wärme schützen / Краткото то макриа стпто та өтөмоптага / Mantener alejado de fuentes de calor / Hoida eemal valgusest / Protéger de la chaleur / Držati dalje od izvora topline / Ovja a melegítől / Tenere lontano dal calore / Салыңын жерде сакта / 열을 피해야 함 / Laikyti atokiu nuo šilumos šaltinių / Sargat no karstuma / Beschermen tegen warmte / Má ikke utsettes for varme / Przechowywać z dala od ūrdeiciecia / Manter aco abriga do calor / A se feri de căldură / Не нагревать / Uchovávajte mimo zdroja tepla / Držite dalje od toplove / Fár ej utsättas för värme / Isidan uzak tutun / Bergetti від дії тепла / 请远离热源

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μL/test / μL/тест / μL/εξέταση / μL/prueba / μL/teszt / μL/тест / μL/tyrimas / μL/párbaude / μL/teste / мкл/анализ / mL/檢測

 Keep away from light / Пазете от светлина / Nevystavujte světlu / Má ikke udsættes for lys / Vor Licht schützen / Краткото то макриа стпто та фως / Mantener alejado de la luz / Hoida eemal valgusest / Conserver à l'abri de la lumière / Držati dalje od svjetla / Fény nem érheti / Tenere al riparo dalla luce / Қарашынан жерде ұста / 빛을 피해야 함 / Laikyti atokiu nuo šilumos šaltinių / Sargat no gaismas / Niet blootstellen aan zonlicht / Má ikke utsettes for lys / Przechowywać z dala od ūrdei светла / Manter ao abrigo da luz / Ferijti de lumină / Хранить в темноте / Uchovávajte mimo dosahu svetla / Držite dalje od svetlosti / Fár ej utsättas för ljus / Işıklan uzak tutun / Bergetti від дії світла / 请远离光线

 Hydrogen gas generated / Образуван е водород газ / Možnost úniku plynného vodíku / Frembringer hydrogengas / Wasserstoffgas erzeugt / Δημιουργία αερίου υδρογόνου / Producción de gas de hidrógeno / Vesinilkgaassi tekkitatud / Produit de l'hydrogène gazeux / Sadrži hydrogen vodik / Hidrogén gáz fejleszt / Produzione di gas idrogeno / Газтөрс сүтгэл пайды болды / 수소 가스 생성됨 / Iskrije vandeniilo dujas / Rodas ðeðeradis / Waterstofgas gegenereerd / Hydrogengass generert / Powoduje powstawanie wodoru / Produção de gás de hidrogénio / Generare gaz de hidrogen / Выделение водорода / Vyrobené použitím vodíka / Osloboda se vodonik / Genererad vätgas / Açıga çikan hidrojen gazı / Reakcija z vidleniem vodnou / 会产生氢气

 Patient ID number / ИД номер на пациента / ID pacienta / Patientens ID-nummer / Patienten-ID / Αριθμός αναγνώρισης ασθενούς / Número de ID del paciente / Patsiendi ID / No d'identification du patient / Identifikacijski broj pacijenta / Beleg azonosító száma / Numero ID paziente / Пациентній ідентифікаційний номер / 환자 ID 번호 / Paciente identifikavimo numeris / Pacienta ID numurs / Identificatienummer van de patiënt / Pasientens ID-nummer / Numer ID pacienta / Número da ID do doente / Numár ID pacient / Идентификационный номер пациента / Identifikačné číslo pacienta / ID broj pacijenta / Patientnummer / Hasta kimlik numarası / Ідентифікатора пациєнта / 患者标识号

 Fragile, Handle with Care / Чуливо, Работаете с необходимого внимания. / Krehké. Při manipulaci postupujte opatrně. / Forsiktig, kan gå i stykker. / Zerbrechlich, vorsichtig handhaben. / Еўтрапасто. Хейрите тое пэ трошохъ. / Frágil. Manipular con cuidado. / Órn, kásitsege ettevaatliskult. / Fragile. Manipuler avec précaution. / Lomljivo, rukujte pažljivo. / Törékeny! Óvatosan kezelendő. / Fragile, maneggiate con cura. / Сыныш, абылап пайдаланызы. / 조심 깨지기 쉬운 처리 / Trapu, eliktés atsargiai. / Trausl; ríkoties uzmanīgi / Breekbaar, voorzichtig behandelen. / Ømtålig, håndter forsiktig. / Krucha zawartość, przenosić ostrożnie. / Frágil, Manuseie com Cuidado. / Fragil, manipulați cu atenție. / Хрупкое! Обращаться с осторожностью. / Krehké, vyžaduje sa opatrná manipulácia. / Lomljivo - rukujte pažljivo. / Bräckligt. Hantera försiktigt. / Kolay Kirılır, Dikkatli Taşıyın. / Тендентна, звертатися з обережністю / 易碎，小心轻放

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