Preserving sites and protecting veins

The BD Nexiva™ closed peripheral IV catheter system, shown to preserve sites for longer and designed to protect patients by reducing the risk of complications and restarts1-7*

*Compared to an open system.
Complications of peripheral intravenous catheters are not only common in the hospital setting—they’re costly.

Did you know that intravenous (IV) catheter placement is the most common invasive hospital procedure performed worldwide?

Up to 90% of hospitalized patients in the United States require an IV catheter during their hospital stay, and 98% of those procedures are peripheral intravenous catheter (PIVC) placements.

However, up to 50% of PIVCs experience a PIVC-related complication during dwell time.
PIVC-related complications lead to catheter removal and have an economic impact on a hospital system\(^8,9\)

Potential complications consist of **phlebitis, extravasation, occlusion, dislodgement**, and **infection**. Any of these complications, either alone or in combination, lead to catheter removal before the end of the intended dwell time.\(^8\)

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### Cost of an IV start\(^{10,11}\)

**Estimated at ~$50*\**

Assuming insertion success on first attempt

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### Extravasation\(^9,11\)

$16,342^†$

Average potential liability of a moderate extravasation

$108,874^†$

Liability of a severe extravasation

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### Bloodstream infections\(^{12}\)

$33,000$ to $75,000 for a patient in ICU

A 2011 study showed bloodstream infections are costly to healthcare facilities

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### Blood exposure

39% blood leakage incidence

Without the use of a blood control device\(^33\)

$0.30 per insertion

Average cost per cleanup for blood exposure based on a 2011 study\(^34\)

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**Selecting the right PIVC the first time can help minimize costs associated with resticks and restarts and preserve sites\(^1-7,16,17\)**
Compliance with best practices around PIVC use may help reduce costs, limit resource utilization, and increase patient satisfaction.\textsuperscript{2-4,17,18}

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)

- Catheter stabilization is recognized as an intervention to decrease the risk for phlebitis, catheter migration and dislodgement, and may be advantageous in preventing catheter-related bloodstream infections (CRBSIs).\textsuperscript{4}
- Recognizes that there is no need to replace peripheral catheters more frequently than every 72 to 96 hours to reduce risk of infection and phlebitis in adults.\textsuperscript{4}

International Nosocomial Infection Control Consortium

- Recommends the use of vascular access devices that minimize manipulations and reduce components (PIVCs with integrated extension and needle-free access ports) to achieve longer dwelling time and reduce the need for replacement of PIVCs more frequently, with minimum complications.\textsuperscript{19}
Infusion Therapy Standards of Practice

- Recommend **limiting the use of add-on devices** to reduce the potential for contamination, additional manipulation, and disconnection\(^2\)
  - Limiting add-on devices reduces the incidence of contamination and accidental disconnection, minimizes the manipulation of the sterile fluid pathway, maintains a closed system, and reduces the costs associated with their use\(^3\)

- Add-on devices should only be used when clinically indicated for a specific purpose. When indicated, preferentially use systems that minimize manipulation and reduce multiple components, such as integrated extension sets\(^2\)

- Recommend removal of PIVCs in patients only when clinically indicated\(^2\)

- Studies support Infusion Therapy Standards of Practice recommendation on PIVC removal
  - Routine replacement of PIVCs did not reduce the rate of catheter-related complications compared with clinically indicated replacement (e.g., because of catheter failure)\(^17\)
    - Clinically indicated replacement strategy has been shown to **reduce total IV equipment costs by 11%**\(^17\)
  - Clinically indicated replacement of PIVC results in:
    - Significant reduction in healthcare resource use such as equipment and staff time\(^17\)
    - **Minimized number of restarts and costs**\(^18\)
    - **Increased patient satisfaction**\(^18\)
The BD Nexiva closed peripheral IV catheter system
The only all-in-one PIVC shown to preserve sites for longer

BD Nexiva IV catheter reduces complications*

Reduces manipulations

Integrated extension tubing and stabilization platform† reduce manipulations and movement at the site that may lead to dislodgement† and phlebitis1,20

Reduces accidental dislodgement

Clinically demonstrated to reduce accidental dislodgement20† and complies with the Infusion Therapy Standards of Practice and CDC guidelines for catheter stabilization2,4

Lessens blood exposure

98% reduced blood exposure during insertion due to the BD Nexiva IV catheter preassembled systems20*

Lowers chance of mechanical phlebitis

Proprietary BD Vialon™ biomaterial softens up to 70% in the vein, enabling longer dwell times and reducing the chance of mechanical phlebitis by up to 50%6§

Closed system=Fully-integrated system that consists of a pre-attached extension tube, stabilization platform, and needle-free connectors.

*Compared to an open system.
†When used with an IV site securement dressing.
‡Compared with B. Braun Introcan Safety® catheter with Bard Statlock® IV Ultra stabilization device.
§Compared with an FEP catheter.
BD Nexiva IV catheter dwells longer

Median dwell time for BD Nexiva IV catheters versus the open-system catheters studied in a randomized trial of PIVCs in place for more than 24 hours

BD Nexiva IV catheter preserves sites

By preserving sites for longer, the BD Nexiva IV catheter helps patients get the medication they need as scheduled, potentially decreasing their length of stay.
Using the BD Nexiva IV catheter may reduce costs and delays in treatment.\textsuperscript{1,7,20}

In a 2014 clinical study, the longer dwell time (6 days\textsuperscript{*}) of the BD Nexiva IV catheter led to cost reductions compared with an open system.\textsuperscript{1}

Cost reduction of ~$1,000,000 per year per 1,000 beds

BD Nexiva IV catheter technologies may help lower overall costs

**BD Vialon biomaterial**
- Longer time to thrombus formation in a porcine study\textsuperscript{†} for BD Vialon biomaterial catheters led to fewer restarts and enabled longer dwell times, which may reduce overall costs.

**BD Instaflash\textsuperscript{™} needle technology**
- Incorporates a notched needle that may improve first-stick success and reduce painful hit-and-miss insertions.

**Stabilization platform\textsuperscript{‡}**
- Helps minimize movement that can lead to peripheral IV catheter complications, restarts, and associated costs.\textsuperscript{203}

\textsuperscript{*}Compared with 96 hours in an open system.
\textsuperscript{†}Compared with PU and FEP catheters tested in reference study.
\textsuperscript{‡}When used with an IV site securement dressing.
\textsuperscript{§}Compared with B. Braun Introcan Safety\textsuperscript{®} catheter with Bard Statlock\textsuperscript{®} IV Ultra stabilization device.
Count on technology that makes treating patients safer while remaining compliant with industry guidelines.¹,³,⁵,²¹

**Increased clinician safety**

98% reduced blood exposure during insertion due to the BD Nexiva IV catheter preassembled system.*

**Increased catheter stabilization**

Clinically demonstrated to reduce accidental dislodgement,²⁰ meeting Infusion Nursing Society standards and CDC guidelines for catheter stabilization.²⁶

**Reduced rate of complications**

In a clinical study, results demonstrated a significant reduction in the rate of phlebitis (grade 2 or higher), PIVC-related complications, and infiltration in the closed-system group compared with the open system group.¹

**Preserves sites**

In compliance with industry best practices, BD Nexiva IV catheter is the only all-in-one PIVC system shown to dwell longer and preserve sites vs open system PIVCs.¹,⁷

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*By choosing the BD Nexiva IV catheter you can reduce the risk of complications and make treating patients safer.³,⁵*

*Compared with a non-blood control catheter.
The BD Nexiva closed IV catheter system has features that help provide significantly better care

1. BD Vialon biomaterial
   - Proprietary BD Vialon biomaterial softens up to 70% in the vein, enabling longer dwell times and reducing the chance of mechanical phlebitis by up to 50%.
   - Catheters made with BD Vialon biomaterial remained free of thrombus longer than any of the other catheters tested in a porcine study.

2. BD Instaflash™ needle technology
   - Incorporates a notched needle (20- to 24-gauge), which may improve first-stick success
   - Notched needle may reduce painful hit-and-miss insertions
   - Provides quick blood visualization that may help improve insertion success and therefore reduce insertion attempts

3. Longer lengths
   - Accommodate a variety of clinical needs from premature newborns to ultrasound guidance
     - 18 gauge available in 1.25” and 1.75”
     - 20 gauge available in 1”, 1.25”, and 1.75”
     - 22 gauge available in 1” and 1.75”
     - 24 gauge available in 0.56” and 0.75”

4. Built-in stabilization platform
   - Reduces dislodgement by 84% and complies with the Infusion Therapy Standards of Practice and CDC guidelines for catheter stabilization.

5. Pre-attached extension set
   - Shown to significantly reduce blood exposure during insertion compared to an open system and aligns with INS guidelines.
   - Recommend limiting the use of add-on devices to reduce the potential of contamination, additional manipulation, and disconnection.

6. Passive safety mechanism
   - Needle is automatically shielded after insertion

7. BD ChloraShield™ IV dressing
   - BeneHold Adhesive Technology formulated with CHG provides sustained antimicrobial activity against skin flora for up to 7 days
   - Provides a barrier to external contaminants including fluids, bacteria, viruses, and yeast
   - Dressing wicks away moisture and other fluids and acts as a water-resistant barrier

*Compared with an FEP catheter.
†Compared with PU and FEP catheters tested in a reference study.
‡When used with an IV site securement dressing.
§Compared with B. Braun Introcan Safety® catheter with Bard Statlock® IV Ultra stabilization device.
||Product provides a viral barrier from viruses 27 nm in diameter or larger while the dressing remains intact.
**The dressing is not designed for absorption of large quantities of blood or exudate.
The BD Nexiva closed IV catheter system

The only all-in-one PIVC system shown to preserve sites for longer\(^1,7\)

- **6 days versus 4 days** median dwell time versus an open system studied in a randomized trial of PIVCs in place for more than 24 hours\(^1\)
- **May reduce delays in treatment and costs\(^1,7,20\)**
- **Makes treating patients safer**, compliant with standards and guidelines\(^1,2,4,20\)
- **The BD portfolio of IV technologies** has solutions that help provide significantly better care\(^1\)

References

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